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Norwegian coast near the point in the central where a German ship was first reported to have been sunk.

QUESTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT IS DISCUSSED

Are There Many Idle Men?—Ap-
peal for the Establishment
of Labor Bureau.

SIR CHAS. TUPPER

Sir Wilfrid and Sir Robert Honor
His Memory—Cable From
John Redmond.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—Parliament is doing business as usual—at a new stand. The stunning sense of shock which gripped its members under the immediate shadow of Thursday night's calamity is slowly, but the true Canadian spirit of resolute devotion to duty at this time dominates. Men have worked tirelessly during the past 48 hours throughout the large Victoria Museum building. The Museum men have gone. The fossils, minerals, fragments of rock and geological corals, which so thrill the scientist and so ease the layman, have been packed in cotton, bales and trucked to the car-docks. The throb and busi-ness of the Legislature in the making has succeeded. Telegraph instruments are clicking, typewriters rattling, telephones are ringing and messen-gers are hurrying hither and thither.

At one o'clock this afternoon His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught dropped in to leave his law-makers were being provided for. He found the House of Commons in the auditorium of the Museum, and the Senate Chamber in the room which previously housed the venerable fossils. The ornate orthodox crimson carpet adorns the floor of the upper Chamber.

Much of the salvaged furniture is in use. The Speaker has been provided with the handsome chair of the Privy Council Chamber for the time. Rows of tables fronts the sides of the Chamber where the front benches in the former House. The Senate mace is still in commission. In the front of the Parliamentary postoffice has been reorganized and is handling mail as usual. Quarters for the members have been supplied by the Government. The Ministers, the Chief Whip, Haggard and the Press Club. Even a reading room has been located, and plans for it are under way, while the restaurants and bar-ber shops are to be fitted up in the old Library College building on Argyle avenue, just across the road from the Museum building.

Parliament is busy and serious. There is still much to be done. Deputy Speaker Rhodes was in the chair, deputy who is at Quebec attending the last day of his late guests. Mr. Rhodes called the dramatic halt when raising the ques-tions on the order paper, he came unexpectedly upon the name of Mr. B. B. Law, the member for Yarmouth, N. S., who lost his life in the configuration.

Mr. Rhodes asked them for his for-mer colleague, Hon. Frank Cochrane, returned from his trip to the front, en-tered the Chamber and took his seat in silence. There was none of the customary ebullience which greets a returning member.

CABLE FROM MR. REDMOND.

A momentary and deeply signifi-cant pause followed the reading by the Premier of the striking cable-gram from Mr. John Redmond, which is in the hands of the General Booth, of the Salvation Army, among the numerous other messages of the day, already in public. "Ireland," cabled Mr. Redmond, "is filled with indignation at the brutal outrage. Accept the deepest sym-pathy of our people. Whatever the views of Colonel Smith, who is the member of the House, the men who were in the mind and the flame, and the heart, as an intensity of conviction that 'an enemy hand done this.'"

Mr. Redmond made the formal announcement after prayers that Judge MacFarlane and Mr. R. A. Fin-land, both of Ottawa, had been ap-pointed to conduct the investiga-tion.

TRIBUTES TO LATE SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

There seemed strange significance in the fact that the first tribu-tes which awaited the House was the passing of the condolence resolution, moved by Sir Robert Borden, and seconded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, to the family of the late Sir Charles Tupper. The House rose to the custom of using manuscript, paid glowing tributes to the great Nova Scotia leader who had spent four years after entering the House. He announced the Government's intention of placing a monument upon Hill a monument worthy of his mem-ory.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke with feeling and with the fascinating charm of a historian, and it was where he knows. He alluded to Sir Charles as one of the galaxy of strong and able men whose name never has been associated with "the late had we had on yonder hill." The short speech, with its historical pres-ence and personal analysis of the big man of yesterday, was one of the best of the day. The Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, said that Sir Charles was the father of protection in Canada.

"Nothing But Leaves" Not Tea Leaves Intermixed with Dust, Dirt and Stems but all Virgin Leaves.

has the reputation of being the cleanest,
and most perfect tea sold. B147
BLACK, GREEN OR MIXED. SEALED PACKETS ONLY.

collegially expressed the sympathy of his fellow-members with the bereaved wife and daughter.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked if the Government had yet had time to con-sider the rebuilding of the wrecked building, and suggested that oppor-tunity be given the House to offer suggestions. The Premier replied that nothing had yet been considered, but that the Government would be glad to have opinions and sugges-tions.

PLEA FOR LABOR BUREAUS.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, in moving that the House go on record as fa-voring the establishment of a system of National Labor Bureaus, said that the country must prosper by hand-ling not only the returned soldiers but also the immigrants who would be thrown out of work by the dislocation of all industries.

He said that an important body of men in Montreal had considered this subject, and were strongly in fa-vor of taking broad action, including the labor bureau. Mr. Lemieux said that when the war was over, 20,000,000 soldiers would be released from military service, and the Govern-ment would be faced with the problem of the greatest wave of immigration that had been seen for centuries. Canada would certainly receive mil-lions.

It was the greatest farming coun-try in the world, and the Government must get ready to receive the im-migrants who would come. Canada should catalogue every acre of arable land, and should ascertain all the farmers who needed help, so that it could direct the immigrants to the kind of farming which they desired. The Government should also come. The Government should therefore investigate and register every commercial demand. Lord Shaugnessy had said that the future of Canada depends on how we handle the incoming immigration. In the past there had been a great lack of co-operation between Dominion and Provincial Governments and the railways, and this meant the dissipation of energy in handling immigration. In the past, he said, we have been too apt to let immigrants slip for himself, and as a result he very often drifted into the city, Mr. Lemieux said that in the United States edges were being taken to prepare for conditions after the war, and an effort was being made to get the immigration to that country. Mr. Lemieux urged that to country, Canada should organize to deal with all the problems which would arise after the war.

Special attention should be given to technical education, in view of the economic struggle which the future would bring between the various countries. Victory in that struggle would mean the nation developing most attention to industrial training and organization.

QUESTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT.

Mr. Lemieux expressed the view of the Prime Minister had told the house a short time before that there was less unemployment than a year ago. Mr. Borden, the British member of Parliament, had stated, however, on rapidly declining English that he had seen such an acute unemployment problem as he had found in Canada.

Mr. Borden went on to say that in the past four of five months at this rate the representations made to the Government had been a regard to the scarcity of labor, rather than in regard to unemployment.

Mr. Lemieux replied that a clearing house for labor was needed, for after the war, at its rate. Most other countries, including even Spain, had such an organization.

Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Finance, said he was glad the matter brought to the attention of the House by Mr. Lemieux. His opinion was of some value. He was glad to see that five delegations had waited upon him asking for the establishment of a clearing house for labor. They were all inspired by the same person, who is anxious to get a good salary. The same person, he understood, had waited upon Mr. Lemieux when he was Minister of Labor, but the request had not then received favorable consideration.

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS RE-SPONSE.

Mr. Crothers said that it was true that a Federal system of Labor Ex-change exists in Australia, although two or three of the separate States have such exchanges. In Germany and England, where Labor Exchanges exist, they are linked up with a system of insurance against unemploy-ment. Mr. Crothers expressed the view that the Federal Government has really no jurisdiction in the matter. If Labor Exchanges are estab-lished, it should be by the Provincial Governments.

Mr. Crothers agreed that the Gov-ernment should consider the condi-tions as they will be after the war. There was no certainty, however, that it would be as serious, and to pre-vent conditions which might never exist. The Minister added that the Minister should be the President of the Economic Commission recently appointed by the Government were in fact to form a municipal system of Labor Exchanges.

Mr. Verville regretted that it was impossible for artisans to gain em-ployment on Government work on their merits. It was always necessary to get a recommendation from some party politician.

Hon. Robert Rogers challenged this statement, and Mr. Verville promised to supply the said Minister with the names, dates and instances.

Mr. Verville stated that Hon. T. W. Crothers could not know the facts when he declared there was lots of work for everyone. The Labor man declared this was not the case, and the Minister of Labor should know it was an acute and important one, and the Government should be looking ahead and preparing for the time when the munitions factories would be closed after the war.

Mr. Verville directed his attention to the Salvation Army. The organization had done a splen-did work along spiritual lines, and should concentrate on spiritual en-deavors and not concentrate upon the economic field by unwarranted im-migration enterprises.

GOVERNMENT'S "CONSIDER IT."

Hon. Robert H. Rogers suggested an amendment to the House resolu-tion that the Government should take the matter under consid-eration. Mr. Lemieux accepted the amendment.

Among the speakers on the debate were Messrs. MacDonald, Martin (Reform), A. A. MacLean (P. E. I.), and Taylor. Mr. MacLean made some caustic comments concerning the Government's House wearing mil-itary uniforms in the Chamber and thereby, he said, traveling in the uniforms of Parliamentarians and as military officers, from the public purse at the same time.

Mr. MacLean provided a story which heated reply from the uniformed Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor of New Brunswick, who said that there was a uniform as an example to the young men of his constituency. Members of Parliament, as leaders of public thought, he said, "should set an example by wearing uniforms."

Mr. MacLean criticized the Hospital Commission. The fact that the Hospital Commission was a body of laymen, he said, was a criticism of their work. He suggested a central Government department. The amendment was carried and the House adjourned.

LONG ON FAVOR OF BUREAU.

London, Oct. 7.—London City Council to-night decided to ask the Legislature to establish a Provincial Labor Bureau.

Philologists Can Read History from Words a Country Uses.

Sometimes words are borrowed from one language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from another language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a third language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a fourth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a fifth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a sixth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a seventh language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from an eighth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a ninth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a tenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from an eleventh language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a twelfth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a thirteenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a fourteenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a fifteenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a sixteenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from a seventeenth language. Sometimes a word is borrowed from an eighteenth language. 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Daily Times

Mr. Bruin in "Caprice."

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I have already said much about anti-animal pictures, but I have left one article to be devoted to Mr. Bruin, who played opposite me in "Caprice." When you sat back in the theatre and watched our "friendly antics" on the screen, you could never get the impression that I was a bear. I was a bear, but I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man. I was a man who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

The first time we met was on the stage, and somehow or other a wild animal looks more ferocious when he is in a cage than when he is in the open. I was in a cage, and I was a bear, and I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

MR. BRUIN SHOWS PREFERENCE. It was one of the hottest days that I have ever seen, and Mr. Bruin was as hot as the sun. He was a bear, and he was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

"Nice Mr. Bear," I said when the camera was grinding away. "Don't come too near to me," he said, and I was a bear, and I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

As I said before, I was a bear, and I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man. I was a bear, and I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

Where were the wretched heroes of the studio, the leading men who always save young ladies from the clutches of the bad boys? They were not there, and I was a bear, and I was a bear who had been in the theatre for some time, and I had found out that I was not a bear, but a man.

CONFESSIONS OF A WIFE. BE SURE YOUR SIN WILL FIND YOU OUT. Yesterday morning Pat Sullivan called on me up.

"Mrs. Waverly, when will Dick be home?" "I don't expect him for two or three weeks."

There was a sound between a groan and a sigh at the other end of the line. "Can I do anything for you, Pat?" "Perhaps, but I don't like to trouble you."

"I can't tell you over the wire, and I don't want to talk to you in the office," she said. "Goodness, is it so mysteriously important as all that? Suppose you come up here?"

"That is what I wished you would do," he exclaimed, indignantly. "I'll come right up."

I waited very impatiently, as I could not understand what Pat had said to me. I thought it might have been about Mollie and Chad, or even Mother Waverly and her new husband, but it was about that old affair of Harry's.

Why, the twins are great boys, but I have never heard of the old story. I have been in the public school, but they may have changed the old story. I have been in the public school, but they may have changed the old story.

"That is what I wished you would do," he exclaimed, indignantly. "I'll come right up."

Parliament Buildings

Burn and Two Women Dead!

Is It the Beginning?

What other plans are in the vile minds of those who did this thing? Where will the bloody hand strike next? Isn't it about time to be up and doing, young men? A new Canadian Highland Battalion, the 173rd, under the command of Lieut-Col. Bruce, is being recruited now and will receive those who think it is.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. Wisona D. H.—Don't you think it would be better if you told your own hair, laid it flat on your head and wore a wig than to bob your hair while taking the part of a boy, or to risk your hair by having it cut like a girl's, which makes the fields in spring look as if a golden canopy had floated down from the sky?

Josephine L.—Violets are my favorite flowers, and in California we use to risk our necks of them looking like a green and purple carpet. You can imagine how heavenly they are, which make the fields in spring look as if a golden canopy had floated down from the sky.

Mr. Edward Carson Has Been Ordered to Take a Five-Weeks' Rest. The Imperial Munitions Board is to erect a factory at Verdun, Montreal, for the manufacture of fuses.

NEW LINE OPENS. Berlin Will Place Ban on the Importation of All Articles of Luxury. Manitoba grain-growers have raised \$200,000 by the patriotic acre scheme.

The Belgian Government has requisitioned all vessels flying the Belgian flag. Sergt. Guymere, a young French aviator, got four enemy airplanes in nine days.

Oliver Danna, a pioneer gold and silver mining man, died at Kenna at the age of 86 years. Lieut. Col. Hagarty, of Toronto, will command a battalion composed exclusively of policemen.

The Imperial Munitions Board is to erect a factory at Verdun, Montreal, for the manufacture of fuses. Prince Oscar, of Prussia, the Kaiser's fifth son, was wounded by a shell in the eastern theatre of war.

Ninety of the six Nations Indians joined the reserve near Brandon have joined the 11th Halmidain Battalion. An Imperial decree fixes February 9 as the date for the resumption of the sitting of the Russian Duma, and of the Council of the Empire.

Thirty-two new cases of measles were reported to the Bradford Health Department during the past week. Within one week of his wife's death, Mr. William Laidlaw, a lifelong resident of Westminster, died Sunday night, after an illness of two years.

The Ottawa French teachers on strike filed petitions against the city and the Separate School Commission for \$65,000 claimed in salaries. Having closed the week with a total of \$204,000, the Vancouver Canadian Patriotic fund gives every indication of climbing to the quarter-million mark.

Sir Edward Carson, former Attorney-General, has been ordered by his physician to take a five-week rest, after suffering from exhaustion due to his activities of the past four years.

Archibald Pitroty George Hay, twelfth Earl of Kinnoull died Monday at Hove. He was born in 1855, and served in the 1st Buffs, and the 1st Life Guards.

Store **The Right House** Store
Opens **THOMAS C. WATKINS, LIMITED** Closes
9 a.m. **EST. 1843**
Phone 3700 **Tuesday, February 8, 1916**

Special Sales in Women's and Misses' Wearables

Offering Glorious Economy Opportunities in Coats, Furs, Dresses and Waists Tomorrow

Announcing the Final Clearance of Women's and Misses' Winter Coats

\$18.50 Coats at	\$13.95
\$22.50 Coats at	\$14.95
\$25.00 Coats at	\$15.00
\$37.50 Coats at	\$25.00
\$45.00 Coats at	\$32.50

AND MANY OTHER LINES AS SHARPLY REDUCED

Here are handsome fur fabrics, silk velvets, corduroy velvets, zibelines, plain beaver cloths and curl cloths—the season's best in fabrics, styles and colorings. Some are fur trimmed, others plainly tailored. Any model most desirable at the regular price and a very remarkable inducement at the lower price.

Afternoon and Street Dresses, Values to \$37.50 Special Sale Price, \$19.75 Wednesday

A complete clearance of several smart lines of Velvet, Charmeuse, Satin, Georgette Crepe and Taffeta Dresses, in brown, mouse, navy, green and black. Stunning models, trimmed with gold thread braiding and touches of velvet. A really fine showing indeed, quite remarkable at the price.

Silk Dresses, Values to \$27.50, Special Sale Price, \$13.75

Charmeuse, Poplin and Taffeta Dresses in navy and black. Princess and other styles, several showing smoking and fur trimmings. The collars and cuffs are of exceptionally fine design. A notable sale at \$13.75.

Special Sale of Waists at \$4.95 Including Models Regularly Priced up to \$6.50

In the sale are Striped Silk Waists in dainty pastel shades of rose, green, blue and peach; plain models with convertible collars and novelty pockets and with long sleeves that have deep cuffs.

Also Silk Crepe de Chine Waists in maize, flesh and white, cleverly finished with tuckings and hemstitching and having long collars and long sleeves.

FURS—March Prices in February

\$22.50 Canadian Mink Stoles, \$18.50—Stoles made entirely of fur, showing no lining at all. Heads and tails trim. Hudson Seal Stoles, reduced to \$38.50 and \$48.50—Finest quality pelts. Shaped stoles, coming well over the shoulders and fastening with novelty fur buttons. Large pelio muffs. \$32.50 Black Mexican Wolf Stoles, \$45—Two-skin stoles and large pelio muffs. Heads and tails to trim. \$100 Canadian Mink Stole, \$48.50—Shaped stole, trimmed with heads and tails, satin lining. —Right House, Second Floor.

HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE

THE FRONT OF THE MAIN BUILDING



TAKEN JUST AFTER DAYLIGHT FRIDAY MORNING, WHILE THE STREAMS OF WATER WERE STILL BEING PLAYED ON IT. THE CLOCK TOWER CUPOLA IS DOWN.

CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER

Russian Soldier in Canadian Banks Sentenced to a Year, But Will Likely be Turned Over to Czar's Army. Winchester, Feb. 7.—At the Hampton Assizes to-day Samuel Sobolevich, of the 1st Canadian Regiment, was indicted for the wilful murder of a Russian Policeman by stabbing him at Whitehall on the 10th of January. The accused, a Russian subject, emigrated to Canada thirteen years ago, and was employed on road work by the Quebec authorities with other Russians when he joined the Canadian contingent. His defence on the capital charge was undertaken by officers of the regiment and by the Russian Consulate. The prosecution showed that he had no cup and told him to go and get it. The prisoner could possibly be avoided during his stay in the prison. The regiment was quite ready to take the prisoner back to fight against the common enemies of Russia and Britain, and if the authorities were to release him to allow him to serve, preferably with a Russian regiment, he would facilitate it.

TO AID MOTHERS

Pensions Bill Being Drafted by Manitoba Government. Winnipeg, Feb. 7.—A bill to be introduced in the Manitoba Legislature for the purpose of providing for mothers' pensions.

According to proposed plans, the Legislature will be asked to set apart \$15,000 for the present year, to be supplemented by a similar sum raised by private subscription. Deserving and indigent widows with families will be granted pensions of \$25 per month, the fund to be administered by an unpaid commission, with the idea of enabling indigent widows to keep their homes together.

AUSTRIAN WOOL SALES. Sydney, N.S.W., Feb. 7.—Record prices were reached in the wool sales here to-day.

Melbourne, Australia, Feb. 7.—Wool sales here were the best of the season, and the price of the wool was very high. The wool was sold at a high price, and the price of the wool was very high.

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Etherington	Rover.	McAvoy
Reid	Centre.	Drury
Boyd	Wing	Mason
Dickie	Wing.	Knoll
Referee—Lou	Marsh, Toronto.	

HOCKEY RECORD

MONDAY'S RESULTS.
O. H. A.—Senior.

(Group)		
Berlin.....	5 Kimira	3
Intermediate—Group Tie Play-off.		
Bellefleur.....	3 Picton	2
(Second Round).		
Sarnia.....	18 Alvington	1
(Group)		
O'g Sound (147th).....	3 Markdale	1

Port Colborne..... Hamilton 1-0
Belleville..... The Play-off
Junior—Group
Brampton.....
Ingersoll..... Northern League
National Association
Toronto..... 1st Group
Ottawa..... Wanderers
N.H.A. STANDING
Teams.....
Quebec..... Won, Lost, Ties, Pts.
Winnipeg.....
Wanderers.....
Ottawa.....
Toronto.....
Played..... the games
GAMES TUESDAY.
O.H.A. Intermediate—Group Collingwood
O.H.A. Junior.....
O.H.A. Junior (second round)—Berlin
Union Jacks at Stratford. Collingwood at
Waterloo. County Battalion League—
Windsor at Stratford.
Weather Indications—Lower Lakes
and Great Lakes: fair and fresh
and south winds; fair and cold.

Every member of the Tiger Club is requested to be at the club rooms on Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. Secretary Kerr is making this request for Robert announced this morning that a splendid programme had been arranged and the football club St. Michael's club purchased at the benefit game between Tigers and Argos for "Glad" Murphy, and presented to the Tigers. will be presented to the Tiger officials to-morrow night. A number of Toronto men will be invited up and a pleasant time is assured.

Improve Pay In Order Port Colborne

**ary Combination Work In
Preston Juniors Here
Eight—Doing In
al Camp.**

their wives. Princip, of last year's junior O.H.A. team, who undoubtedly will be the leading scorer, says the game will be filled by boys who have had plenty of O.H.A. experience.

There is a possibility of Coach Carr rolling Fringe in the nets at season's end. "Money night" he is called along, for at the present time it is about the only man capable of handling the net. "If he is good, the O.H.A. team will be picked at to-night's practice, and several good boys are expected out."

Very little money changed hands in last night's contest, but strange to relate, the boys who were the losers lost by Hamiltonians. On the way up to Fort Colborne some big wagers were made, and the boys of the O.H.A. team, who were the losers, came, and Hamilton fans who wanted to bet Hamilton found many Hamiltonians anxious to back Fort Colborne.

The Fort Colborne boys have plenty of "nobble" to bet, but they are wanting, that is to say the majority of them for the game is played on a "chance" basis. The boys of the O.H.A. team train there on the way to Fort Colborne and they backed Hamilton.

They came between the same time night a lot of betting, for Hamilton was the favorite to win. But in the best team, despite their poor showing of last night.

Another special will be run to the Coliseum on Friday night, leaving at 7:30. The prize money for the return race will be the same, \$125,000. The race will be a 1000-yard, five furlong journey from here, as about fifty more picked up the trail at different points along the line.

The game on Friday night will be a 1000-yard, five furlong journey from here, as about fifty more picked up the trail at different points along the line.

It is a certainty that the game on Friday night will be a 1000-yard, five furlong journey from here, as about fifty more picked up the trail at different points along the line.

Port Colborne must win from Dunnville on Wednesday night at Dunnville before they will be on an even footing with the other teams. The decision does not appear to be a hard task, but they undoubtedly find the decision a little more difficult.

Port Colborne, the Scullers can afford to have a chance, for it will be necessary to stage an extra race to decide the winner.

Willard-Moran Fight Cannot Be Staged at the Garden March 17

**Tex Rickard Informed That This Date Is Not Open
—Scott Meets Fighting Zunner at Buffalo
To-morrow Night.**

New York, Feb. 7.—If the Willard-Moran fight is held on the scheduled date, March 7, it will not be held in the Garden, as the promoter, John Johnson, of the Garden, told Promoter Tex Rickard to-day that the big arena had been leased for that day, and anyway it is believed Rickard will refuse to pay the price the Garden would demand.

Rickard to-day stated that he preferred Charley White as referee of the big bout. The fighters themselves will select the referee, Rickard picking his man in case of a disagreement.

New York, Feb. 7.—Tex Rickard and Emanuel McCracken, promoters of the proposed ten-round championship battle between heavyweight world champion, Max Baer, and contender, Sam Langford, in this city on March 7, have

money, and this coming contest with Baer will be no exception to the rule. The promoter, John Johnson, told him to do his part by putting up a fight and not a show.

There are two waterweights in the ring, and they are the only two all out drunks who will meet the ring and decide the local winner. The two are the same old waterweighter to are Kid Currier and Kid Weaver. What I object to is that they seem to be the only two who will not use their wits and both Currier and Weaver will be out of the ring before the fight starts.

Zinner has a standing challenge to meet either of these boys, the final fight of the night. The referee in this proposition Currier and Weaver are afraid. Because of the difference we have seen in the fight between the two, they are afraid to fight. They try the issue with Zinner. Zinner wants to meet Duane. He thinks he can beat him. He can defeat him. He is willing to carry over the local title

garnered a new crop of \$9,000 to the winner, \$3,000 to the runner-up, \$1,000 to the third, \$500 to the fourth, \$250 and Moran \$125,000, regardless of the outcome of the ring engagement.

This fight was the last of the series. The final bout will be announced on Wednesday afternoon, when the interested persons or their representatives must appear to make final attacks and post forfeits.

New York, Feb. 17.—Joe Ascareo, the Portuguese lightweight, scored a technical knock-out over Billy Bennett at the Madison Square Garden tonight. The end came in the third round, when Bennett was dropped with a right to the stomach. In falling he smashed his ankle and could not continue.

If all that Bert Finch has to say about Fighting Herman is right, Pete Scott, the local lightweight, has a poor chance of beating him. The two battlers are scheduled to battle at Buffalo on Wednesday night. The odds can be as high as 10 to 1 in favor of feeling done not exist between the two men. Finch had both Scott and

Zenner under hissing at the finish, the crowd was so noisy that the boys became so warm that Scott pulled away. Since then he has met and defeated just as good men as Zenner and has been able to pull himself away with a victory to-morrow night. Scott has been training faithfully for some time and is now in the best shape possible. This is what Pinch has to say about Zenner: "Pinch has been fighting Zenner the local welterweight champion, ex-

news to show by defeating Jack Scott next Wednesday night, that he is becoming a greatly improved form. Zinner always gives the fans a run for their money.

The betting was 3 to 1 on Williams both made the required weight of 115 pounds ringide.

Dr. Laung	Peter Smith
skip	skip
52	10
Majority for Thistle, 34 points	
The next event will be the Dixon trophy, for which there are 28 entries and which was postponed for want of ice. It will commence on Thursday next, Feb. 10th, on both Thistle and Victoria Ice.	

The third curling match of the inter-weekly competition between the Victoria Curling Club and the Thistles

McNamara Bros.
WANT COMMISSIONS
WITH SPORTSMEN

by a single play, which was provided after the game, and which was enjoyed by the players, which every one enjoyed. The following is the play by rinks:

Thistle Club. R. R. Simpson W. S. Scrimshaw J. R. Thomson W. B. Champ ship	Victoria Club. J. H. Isbister Alex. Stuart W. Hopkins J. Morris 4
Dr. Colman Col. Moodie	A. Robertson Fred. Thurston 4

F. A. Ross	.....12	A. S. Smith	.....13
C. A. Ross	.....13	J. M. Tueres	skip
W. Jones	.....14	J. F. McDonald	.....19
W. T. Carroll	.....15	J. Hutchinson	.....20
Geo. Shambrook	.....16	W. F. Marshall	.....21
R. A. Campbell	.....17	Rev. J. D. Fitzpatrick	.....22
.....	.....18	.....	.....23
A. S. Levy	.....19	P. Achson	.....24

Geo. O. Carlsberg	W. Anderson	Freeman E.	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Anderson	Freeman E.	9
C. Geo. Chisler	A. J. McInally		9
C. W. Scott	Frank Bruck		9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Anderson		9
Geo. Raw	Thos. Patterson	skip	9
A. N. Othar	W. H. Henderson	skip	9
A. H. Crerar	A. J. Alderman	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Anderson	skip	9
Jna. Wright	J. H. Schrader	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	J. H. Schrader	Wm. J. Russell	9
S. F. Washington	Jna. Dixon	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Anderson	skip	9
M. Woodbridge	Hugh O'Freid	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. Holton	Prof. Jussell	Wm. J. Russell	9

New York, Feb. 16.—If the Willard-Moran fight is held on the scheduled date, March 17, it will not be held in Madison Square Garden. Manager Johnston, of the Garden, told Promoter Tex Rickard to-day that the big fight will be held in the local arena and anyway it is believed Rickard will refuse to pay the price the Garden management demands.

Rickard to-day stated that he preferred to have the fight at the local arena because of the big bout. The fighters themselves will select the referee, Rickard picking his man in case of a disagreement.

New York, Feb. 17.—Tex Rickard and Samuel McCracken, promoters of the proposed ten-round championship battle between heavyweight world champion Jim Jeffries and Willard Moran, in this city on March 17, have money, and this coming contest with Scott will have no competitors. In providing, of course, that Scott will not be putting up a fight and not run away.

There are two heavyweight in the local arena, and the local communications to the press, have it out and dried as to who will meet in the local arena for the local heavyweight championship. The boys I refer to are Jim Jeffries and Willard Moran.

What object is it that they seem to forget that Zunker holds the local title? It is not that Zunker is a bad man, but that he is a bad man. He has failed so far how they expect to get that title without first meeting him. It is not that Zunker is a bad man, but that he is a bad man. It is not that Zunker is a bad man, but that he is a bad man. It is not that Zunker is a bad man, but that he is a bad man.

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Majority for Thistle, 34 points	
The next event will be the Dixon trophy, for which there are 28 entries and which was postponed for want of ice. It will commence on Thursday next, Feb. 14th, on both Thistle and Victoria Ice.	

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F. A. Ross12	A. S. Smith13
C. A. Ross13	J. M. Tueres	skip
W. Jones14	J. F. McDonald19
W. T. Carroll15	J. Hutchinson20
Geo. Shambrook	.....16	W. F. Marshall	.....21
R. A. Campbell	.....17	Rev. J. D. Fitzpatrick	.....22
.....	.....18	.....	skip
A. S. Levy	.....19	P. Achson	.....23

Geo. O. Carlsberg	W. Andron	Freeman E.	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Andron	Freeman E.	9
C. Geo. Chisler	A. J. McInally		9
C. W. Scott	Frank Bruck		9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Andron		9
Geo. Raw	Thos. Patterson	skip	9
A. N. Othar	W. H. Henderson	skip	9
A. H. Crerar	A. J. Alderman	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Andron	skip	9
Jna. Wright	J. H. Schrader	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Andron	skip	9
S. F. Washington	Jas. Dixon	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. J. Russell	W. Andron	skip	9
M. Woodbridge	Hugh O'Freid	Wm. J. Russell	9
Wm. Holton	Prof. Jussell		9

MIDDLEMEN GET WAR CONTRACTS FROM MINISTERS

Sir Robert Gives Correspondence Between Government and Manufacturers' Association.

CHARGES MADE

Sir Robert Makes Denial—But Mr. Murray Gives Specific Examples of Favoritism.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—The correspondence between the Government and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, which was repeatedly asked for last session by Hon. G. P. Graham, was finally tabled in the House this afternoon by Sir Robert Borden. The correspondence relates to the complaints made on behalf of the Manufacturers' Association with regard to the unavailability of war supplies in which the Government was handling contracts for war supplies. When it was asked for last session, Sir Robert Borden intimated that it was of a private character and could not be presented to the House without the consent of the Manufacturers' Association. In tabling it to-day, the Prime Minister said that this consent had not been secured in time to present the letters to the House before prorogation last April.

In the correspondence, as it is now produced, Mr. Murray, the secretary of the association, distinctly notifies the Premier that the correspondence was neither private nor confidential, and this notification was given on January 4 of last year. "I purposely refrain," writes Mr. Murray, "from marking my letters 'private' or 'confidential.' Consequently, you are at liberty to make such use of them as you see fit."

WHY NOT PRODUCED?

Why they were not produced may be readily surmised from the contents of the correspondence. Writing on behalf of the Manufacturers' Association, and by the instructions of the official heads of that association, Mr. Murray charges bad business methods, favoritism, the securing of contracts through middlemen and other irregularities, all "giving rise to a good measure of dissatisfaction." In response to a request from the Premier for particulars, he cites specific cases.

Sir Robert, after investigating these cases, holds that the charges were not substantiated, and his final reply while declaring that the Government would be glad to have any further information so as to prevent any use of public money, yet he intimates that "further investigation and discussion along this line will be of little value unless you can assure yourself that the allegations made to you are more carefully considered and made with a greater sense of responsibility."

ADVISES DEALING DIRECT

"Stories there are going around which may have no foundation in fact, but the persistence with which they are being circulated and the circumstantial detail with which they are being backed up is creating a feeling of suspicion and distrust that is doing the Government real harm. It is not seem wise to remove all grounds for suspicion by throwing the business wide open, and by placing it, in all instances, with manufacturers direct instead of through middlemen. The latter method would lower competitive prices and give you the satisfaction of dealing in all cases with reasonable parties."

Mr. Murray suggests, on behalf of the association, several reforms, including the letting of all contracts by tender after proper advertisement; the establishment of a permanent Government sample room at Ottawa, and sample rooms at other points, where samples of all goods carried should be available to the inspection of contractors; that preference should be given in every case, other things being equal, to Canadian products; that, generally speaking, the policy pursued should be frank and open, so as to induce Canadian contractors to quote on any lines they may be capable of producing.

The association offered free advertising in industrial Canada to all advertisements calling for tenders from manufacturers.

To this letter Sir Robert Borden replied on November 18, saying that while it was desirable that all supplies should be procured by tender and contract, yet during August and September circumstances made it impossible to adhere to this policy. He maintained that the preference was given in all cases to Canadian products, and that he was not aware of any case in which the Government policy had not been "frank and open."

He asked Mr. Murray for specific instances.

On November 16 Mr. Murray replied, stating that the first letter was written with a purpose of making constructive suggestions. He admits that in many cases the stories of ir-

regularities had been much exaggerated, but he cites some of the instances desired by Sir Robert.

DISCOURAGEMENT OF ENTERPRISE

In the first place there had been "lack of courtesy and discouragement of enterprise." For instance, E. B. Huron, representing the Hendrie Manufacturing Company, came to Ottawa with a motorcycle with machine gun attachments. He stayed around Ottawa for several days, but could not get Gen. Hughes to even look at it, notwithstanding the fact that officials had reported very favorably upon it. The International Harvester Company, of Hamilton, after securing American ideas, had built a special army wagon. It was sent down to Ottawa for an inspection, but the company could not get a single officer to look at it.

George Douglas, of Thornhill, & Douglas, Limited, Hamilton, charged that on interviewing the Director of Contracts regarding uniform contracts he was told that there was only one firm in Canada which could make uniforms and that was Mark Workman, of Montreal.

The Kelly Manufacturing Company, the Dalton Manufacturing Company, and A. R. Clark & Company received definite orders for khaki drill shirts to the respective amounts of \$1,500, \$1,000, and \$500. The shirts were made according to the sealed pattern, and delivered. They were shortly afterwards returned without any explanation, though the same firms were making shirts for the British War Office.

BUSINESS THROUGH MIDDLEMEN

Under the head of "business placed through middlemen," Mr. Murray intimated the case of a man named Morrison, who claimed to be a personal friend of the Minister of Militia, and who told the Hendrie Manufacturing Company, of Toronto, that he had the placing of \$50,000 worth of orders for motorcycles.

Mr. Feldman, of Montreal, a retailer with almost no credit standing, asked the Alaska Feather & Down Company, of Montreal to tender on 1,000 double-deck bunks for the Militia Department.

Charles Slater, a retail shoe man, claimed to have received a large contract for boots for the first contingent, which he jebbed out among the manufacturers in Montreal and Quebec.

HIGHER PRICES PAID TO BE PAID

As an example of how the department had to pay higher prices through middlemen, Mr. Murray instances the case of John M. Dode, of the Alton Knitting Mills, who "with the assistance of Richard Blain, M. P.," secured an order for 3,000 blankets, and an informed, says Mr. Murray, "that it was alleged by either Mr. Blain or Mr. Dode that this Mr. Dode had a plant equipped for turning out blankets. He had no such plant, but accepted the order, and afterwards succeeded in getting it filled by J. Walshaw & Son, of Bolton, Ont."

The Standard Shirt Co. of Montreal offered to supply shirts to the department for \$14.75 per dozen. Being unable to obtain an order, they applied to Johnston, representing the Murray-Kay Co., Ltd., of Toronto, who claimed to be a personal friend of the Minister of Militia, and who told the Standard Shirt Co. that he had the placing of \$50,000 worth of orders for shirts. The Standard Shirt Co. was then ordered to supply shirts to the department for \$14.75 per dozen, as against the original offer of \$14.75.

FAILURE TO USE CHEAPEST MARKET

Other instances were quoted in the letter showing failure to utilize the cheapest market. It was alleged by Seythes & Co., of Toronto, that Hugh Carson, of Ottawa, supplied 1,500 dog-bags for the first contingent at \$3.13 cents. When tendering on identical the same articles for the second contingent Seythes & Co. quoted 60 cents each, with deliveries guaranteed. They alleged that the prices were too high, and that the order had been divided among Carson, Fisher & the firm, Whinnor, and Grant-Holmes, Ottawa.

Under the head of "purchases of war materials," Mr. Murray intimated that two lorries had been drawn up on the Exhibition grounds, Toronto, which contained a bacon was being loaded with forks. This bacon, it was declared, had been supplied to Vancouver and reshipped to Toronto.

SIR ROBERT DENIES SOME CHARGES

On January 7 Sir Robert Borden wrote to Mr. Murray stating that he was endeavoring to make a personal investigation. On February 9 he wrote again, answering some of Mr. Murray's specific charges. Dealing with the charges of official courtesy, Sir Robert declared that the charges had been conducted through middlemen, he said, were not borne out by the facts. The Department of Militia had told him it knew of no man named Morrison connected with motorcycle contracts. He said that the fall in the price of cotton had been very great between the time the orders were let for the first and second contingents. Messrs. Seythes & Company's price of 60 cents for dogbags was not accepted, because it was not the lowest, and quotations of 18 cents and 9 cents were accepted.

PUT TO DISTRIBUTION WORK

The Prime Minister declared that there was no universal or arbitrary practice of splitting up orders, but the widespread commercial and industrial depression after the war imposed upon the Government to take one such measure was to see to it that as far as consistent with military consideration the benefits accruing from military contracts should be distributed as wide as possible.

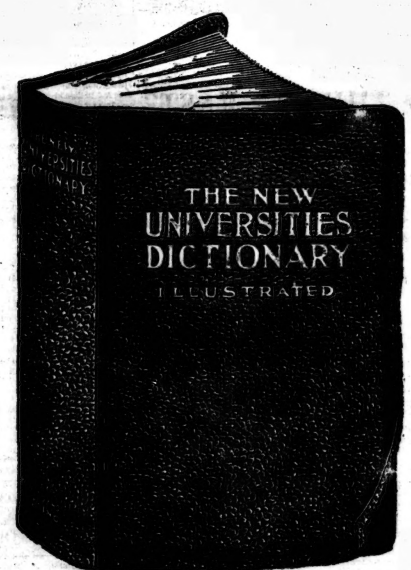
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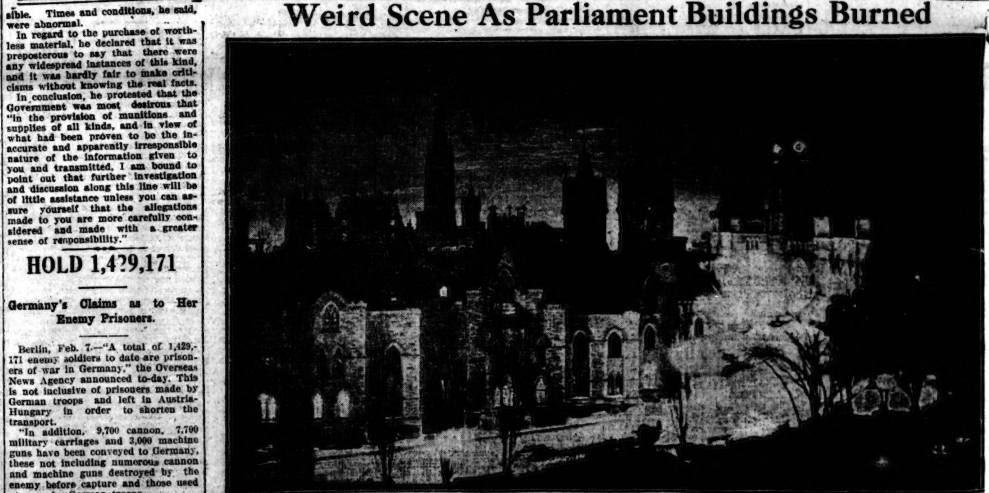
COUPON DAILY ON PAGE 2

Mail Orders Filled on Terms Explained in Coupon

CLIP COUPON TO-DAY

CLIP COUPON TO-DAY

Weird Scene As Parliament Buildings Burned



THIS PICTURE WAS TAKEN ABOUT 10 O'CLOCK THURSDAY NIGHT, WHEN THE FIRE WAS AT ITS HEIGHT, THE CLOCK TOWER STILL STANDING, AND THE NEIGHBORING BUILDINGS ILLUMINED BY THE FIERY GLARE.

HOLD 1,479,171

Germany's Claims as to Her Enemy Prisoners.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—"A total of 148,171 enemy soldiers to date are prisoners of war in Germany," the Overseas News Agency announced today. "This is not inclusive of prisoners made by German troops and left in Austria-Hungary in order to shorten the transportation."

"In addition, 9,700 cannon, 5,700 military carriages and 4,000 machine guns have been conveyed to Germany, these not including numerous cannon and machine guns taken over by the enemy before capture and those used at once by German troops."

"The number of men taken which are still fit for use is 1,200,000."

